

Find the general solution of the differential equation $2yy'' = 1 + (y')^2$.

SCORE: ____ / 8 PTS

② $2yuu' = 1 + u^2$

$$\int \frac{2u}{1+u^2} du = \int \frac{1}{y} dy$$

$$\ln|1+u^2| = \ln|y| + C$$

$$1+u^2 = Cy$$

$$u = \pm \sqrt{Cy - 1}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \pm \sqrt{Cy - 1}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{Cy - 1}} dy = \pm \int dx$$

$$\frac{2}{C} \sqrt{Cy - 1} = K \pm x$$

$$Cy - 1 = \left(K \pm \frac{C}{2}x\right)^2$$

$$y = \frac{1}{C} \left[\left(K \pm \frac{C}{2}x\right)^2 + 1 \right]$$

NO INDEPENDENT VARIABLE
 $u = y'$ $uu' = y''$

IS $y=0$ A SOLUTION?

$$y' = 0, y'' = 0$$

$$2yy'' = 0 \neq 1 + (y')^2 = 1$$

NO

IF $C=0$, NO POSSIBLE
REAL SOLUTION

① EACH EXCEPT AS NOTED

Using elimination as shown in lecture, solve the system of differential equations

SCORE: _____ / 22 PTS

$$5x' + 2y' + 6x - 3y = 3e^{-3t} + 6$$

$$2x' + y' + 2x - y = 4e^{-3t} - 1$$

① EACH

$$\textcircled{1} \quad (5D+6)[x] + (2D-3)[y] = 3e^{-3t} + 6$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad (2D+2)[x] + (D-1)[y] = 4e^{-3t} - 1$$

APPLY $(D-1)$ TO ①

- $(2D-3)$ TO ②

$$((5D+6)(D-1) - (2D+2)(2D-3))[x] = (D-1)[3e^{-3t} + 6] - (2D-3)[4e^{-3t} - 1]$$

$$(D^2 + 3D)[x] = -9e^{-3t} - 3e^{-3t} - 6 + 24e^{-3t} + 12e^{-3t} - 3 = 24e^{-3t} - 9$$

$$r = 0, -3 \rightarrow x_h = C_1 + C_2 e^{-3t}$$

$$x_p = At + Bte^{-3t}$$

$$x_p' = A + B(1-3t)e^{-3t}$$

$$x_p'' = B(-6+9t)e^{-3t}$$

$$x_p'' + 3x_p' = 3A - 3Be^{-3t}$$

$$3A = -9 \rightarrow A = -3$$

$$-3B = 24 \rightarrow B = -8$$

$$x = C_1 + C_2 e^{-3t} - 3t - 8te^{-3t}$$

APPLY $-(2D+2)$ TO ①

$(5D+6)$ TO ②

$$(-(2D+2)(2D-3) + (5D+6)(D-1))[y] = -(2D+2)[3e^{-3t} + 6] + (5D+6)[4e^{-3t} - 1]$$

$$(D^2 + 3D)[y] = 18e^{-3t} - 6e^{-3t} - 12 - 60e^{-3t} + 24e^{-3t} - 6$$

$$= -24e^{-3t} - 18$$

$$y = k_1 + k_2 e^{-3t} - 6t + 8te^{-3t}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 2x' &= \frac{-6 + (-6c_2 - 16)e^{-3t} + 48te^{-3t}}{1} \\
 + y' &= \frac{-6 + (3k_2 + 8)e^{-3t} - 24te^{-3t}}{1} \\
 + 2x &= +2c_1 + 2c_2 e^{-3t} - 6t - 16te^{-3t} \\
 - y &= -k_1 - k_2 e^{-3t} + 6t - 8te^{-3t} \\
 &= (2c_1 - k_1 - 12) + (-4c_2 - 4k_2 - 8)e^{-3t} = 4e^{-3t} - 1
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 2c_1 - k_1 - 12 &= -1 \quad \rightarrow \quad k_1 = 2c_1 - 11 \\
 -4c_2 - 4k_2 - 8 &= 4 \quad \rightarrow \quad k_2 = -c_2 - 3
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 x &= c_1 + c_2 e^{-3t} - 3t - 8te^{-3t} \\
 y &= (2c_1 - 11) - (c_2 + 3)e^{-3t} - 6t + 8te^{-3t}
 \end{aligned}$$